

Shared Governance Survey Summary of Key Findings

Presented by:

Cheryl Beil, Senior Associate Provost for Academic Planning and Assessment and Assistant Research Professor of Psychology

Survey distribution and analysis:

Kim Dam, Director, Survey Research and Analysis Ahleah Miles, Survey Research Analyst

Purpose of Survey

Charge to the committee

- Propose principles of shared governance, endorsed by faculty and administration
- Clarify expectations of the roles and responsibilities of trustees, faculty, and administration
- Recommend methods to improve communication among the parties directly involved in shared governance and with the faculty at large

Survey as Diagnostic Tool for Future State of Shared Governance

- Identify where there is agreement on the definition of shared governance
- Diagnose what is working well
- Identify where there is disagreement among the parties on the effectiveness of shared governance

Method

- Survey developed by Task Force and from faculty comments at four town halls
- Survey sent to all full-time faculty, including MFA faculty; administration, including president's leadership team, provost and vice provosts; vice presidents; academic deans, associate deans, and assistant deans, and department chairs; and all Board members; survey was open between February 3-17, 2022
- Data analyses include summary of distribution of the data, chi squares and t-tests comparing administration and faculty responses; faculty comparisons by school, age, university committee participation, gender previous administrative role, rank, and tenure status; and factor analyses to see what, if any of the variables clustered together

WASHINGTON, DC

Response Rates

| | Responses | Percentage |
|----------------|------------|------------|
| Administration | 52 / 102 | 52% |
| Board | 21/21 | 100% |
| Faculty | 639 / 1577 | 41% |
| Total | 712 / 1700 | 42% |

Faculty Demographics

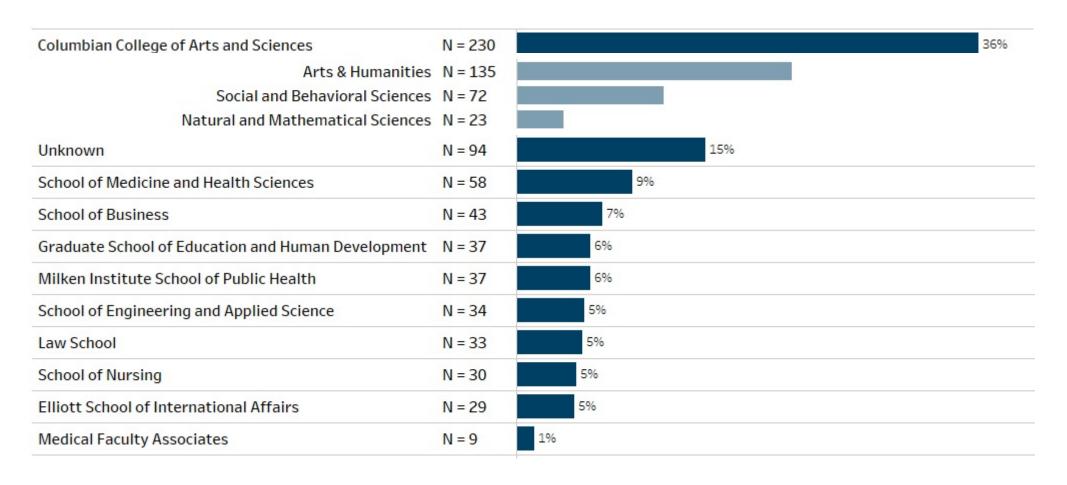
(information asked of faculty, but not other groups)

WASHINGTON, DC

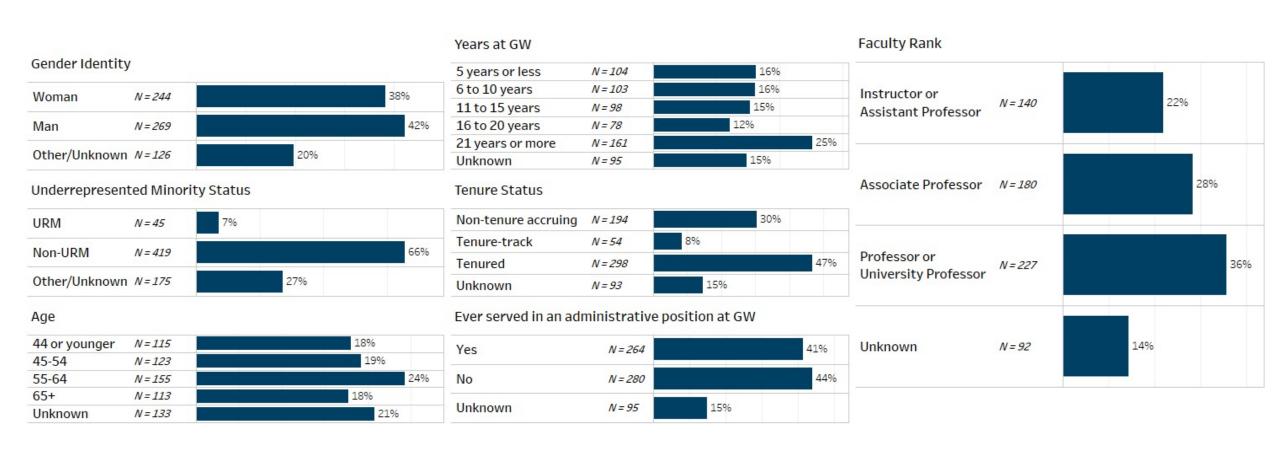
Faculty Demographics

Primary School or Other Designation

Select a school to filter other demographics

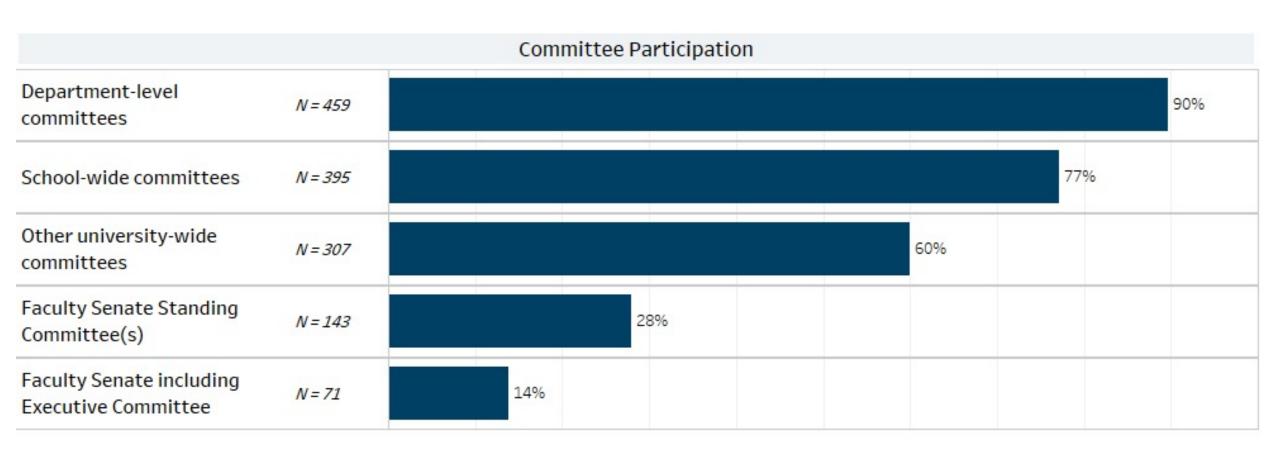


Faculty Demographics (cont.)





Faculty Demographics (cont.)

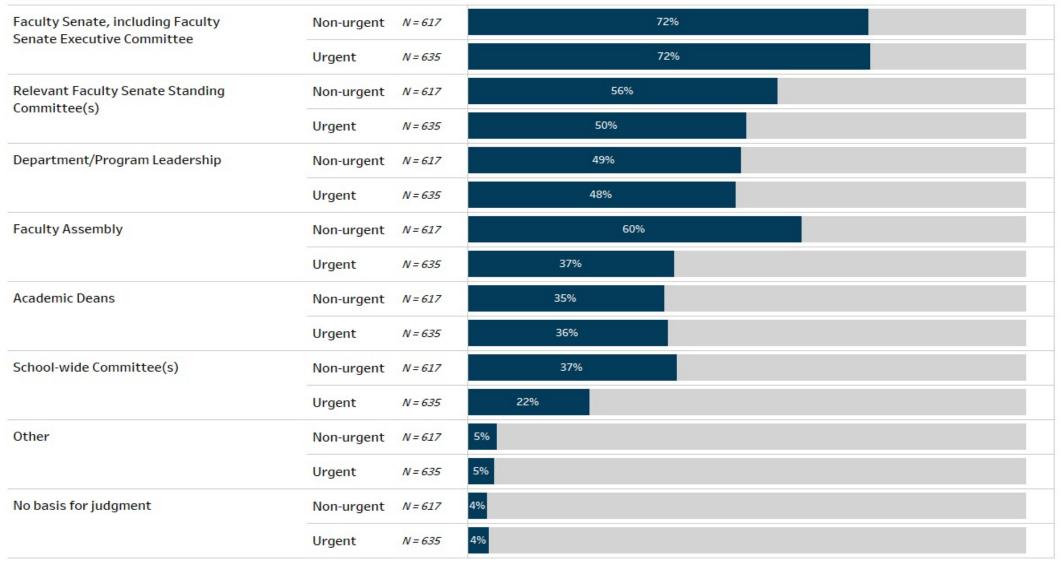




Which groups should represent the faculty?

(Question was asked only of faculty; it was not asked of the board or administration)

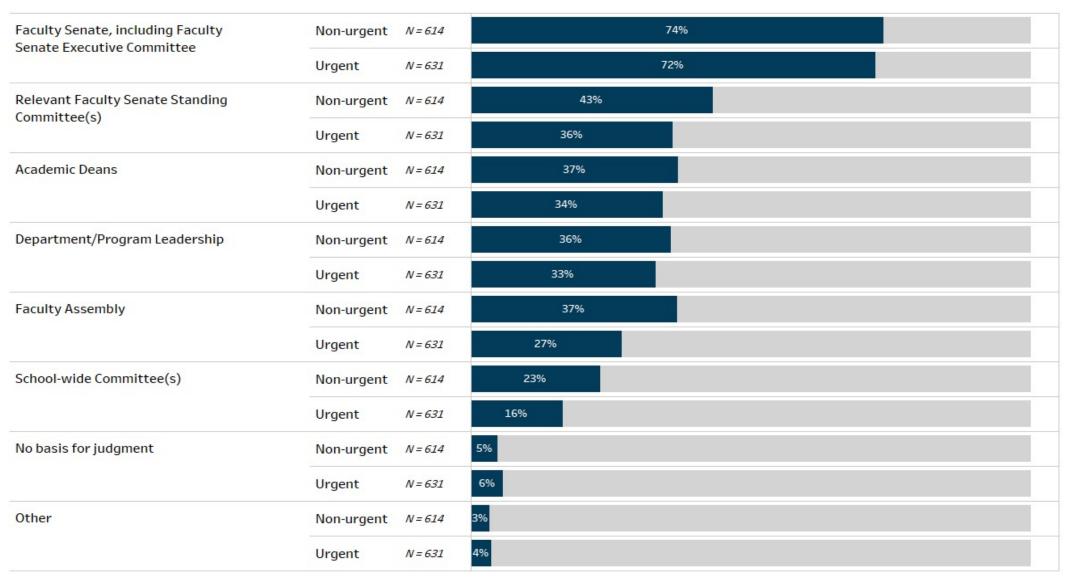
Which group(s) should represent <u>faculty perspective</u> to administration in shared governance issues when issue is not urgent or urgent?



11 of 42
THE GEORGE
WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY

WASHINGTON, DC

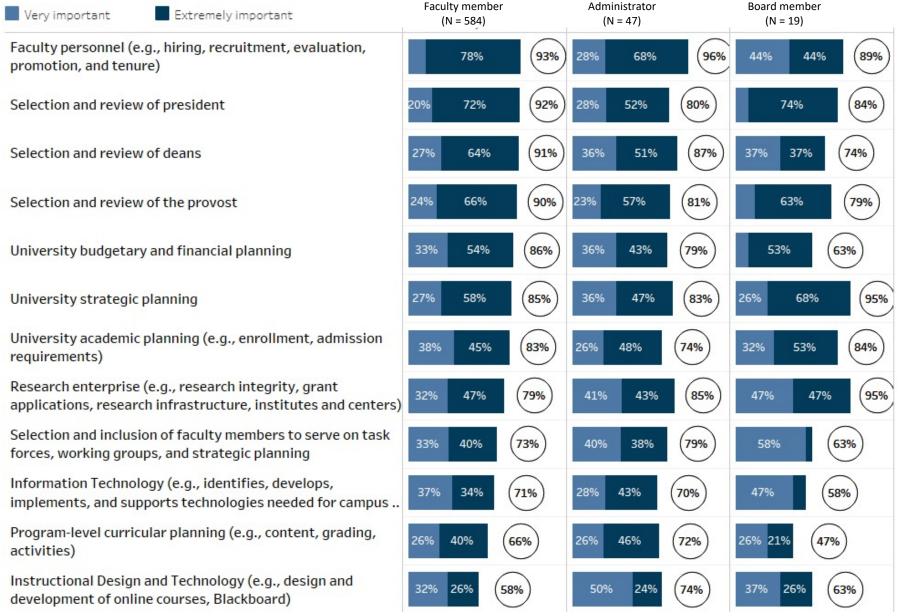
Which group(s) should be responsible for <u>communicating</u> to the administration once faculty makes their recommendations?



Level of Importance of Institutional Decision-Making Areas

(Question was asked of all groups)

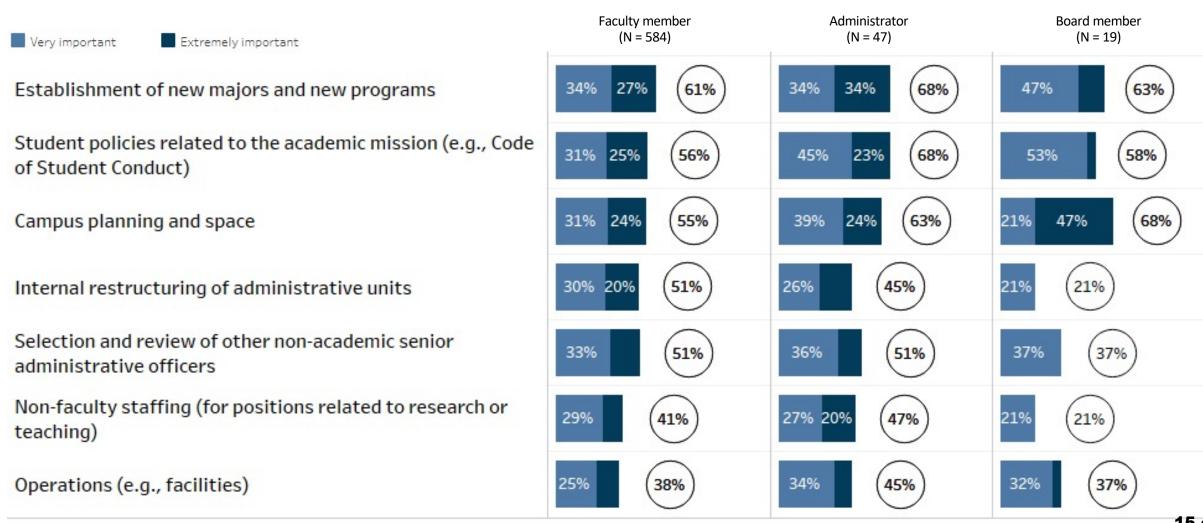
Levels of Importance of Institutional Decision-Making Areas by Group



THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

5-point scale of importance: 1= not at all important; 2= slightly important; 3= moderately important; 4= very important; 5= extremely important. Due to rounding, percentages in bars may not add up to percentages in circles.

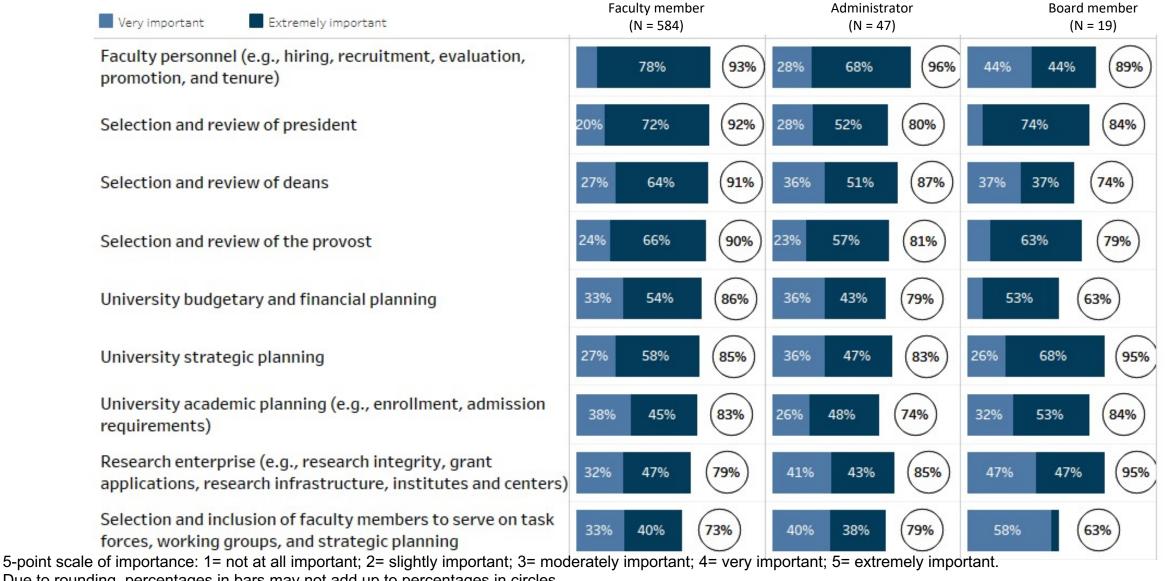
Institutional Decision-Making (cont.)



15 of 42
THE GEORGE
WASHINGTON

5-point scale of importance: 1= not at all important; 2= slightly important; 3= moderately important; 4= very important; 5= extremely important. Due to rounding, percentages in bars may not add up to percentages in circles.

Differences Among Groups in Importance of Decision-Making Areas **Top 9 Areas for Faculty**



16 of 42 THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY WASHINGTON, DC

Due to rounding, percentages in bars may not add up to percentages in circles.

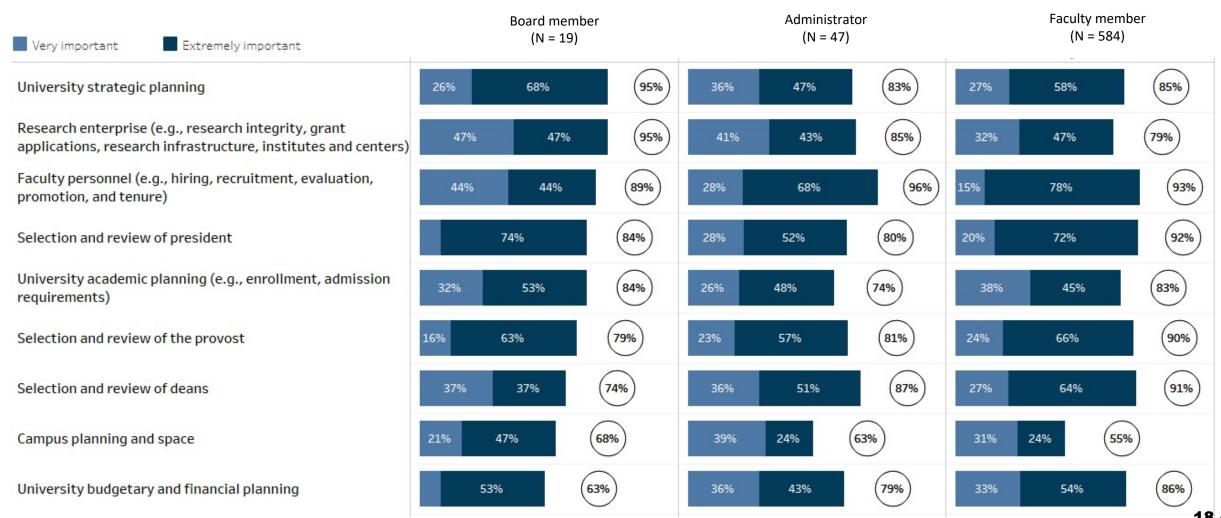
Differences Among Groups in Importance of Decision-Making Areas Top 9 Areas for Administration



5-point scale of importance: 1= not at all important; 2= slightly important; 3= moderately important; 4= very important; 5= extremely important. Due to rounding, percentages in bars may not add up to percentages in circles.

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

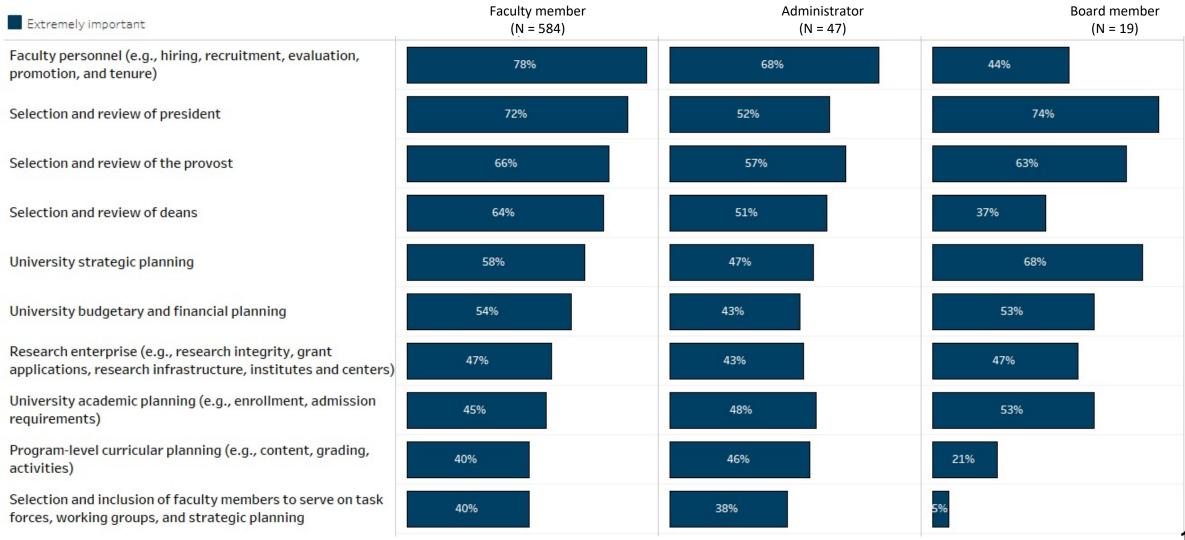
Differences Among Groups in Importance of Decision-Making Areas Top 9 Areas for Board



5-point scale of importance: 1= not at all important; 2= slightly important; 3= moderately important; 4= very important; 5= extremely important. Due to rounding, percentages in bars may not add up to percentages in circles.

18 of 42
THE GEORGE
WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY
WASHINGTON, DC

Differences among Groups in Rating Areas that are Extremely Important



19 of 42
THE GEORGE
WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY

Which group(s) should have primary responsibility for making decisions or recommendations in each of the areas?

Faculty
Administration
Board
Joint responsibility

Areas of Agreement and Differences about Which Group(s) Take Primary Responsibility

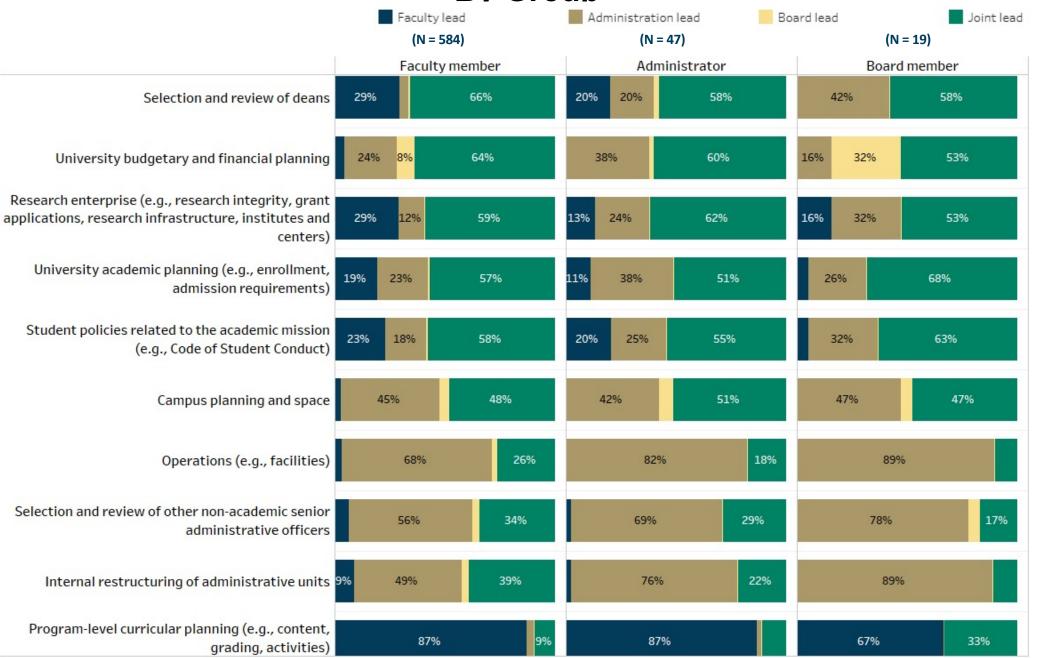
Areas of Agreement

- Selection of the deans (joint effort)
- Budgetary and financial planning (joint)
- Research enterprise (joint)
- University academic planning (joint)
- Operations/Facilities (administration)
- Selection/review of other non-academic senior administration (administration)
- Program-level curricular planning (faculty)
- Campus planning and space (joint)
- Internal restructuring of administrative units (Admin)
- Student policies related to academic mission (joint)

Area of Differences

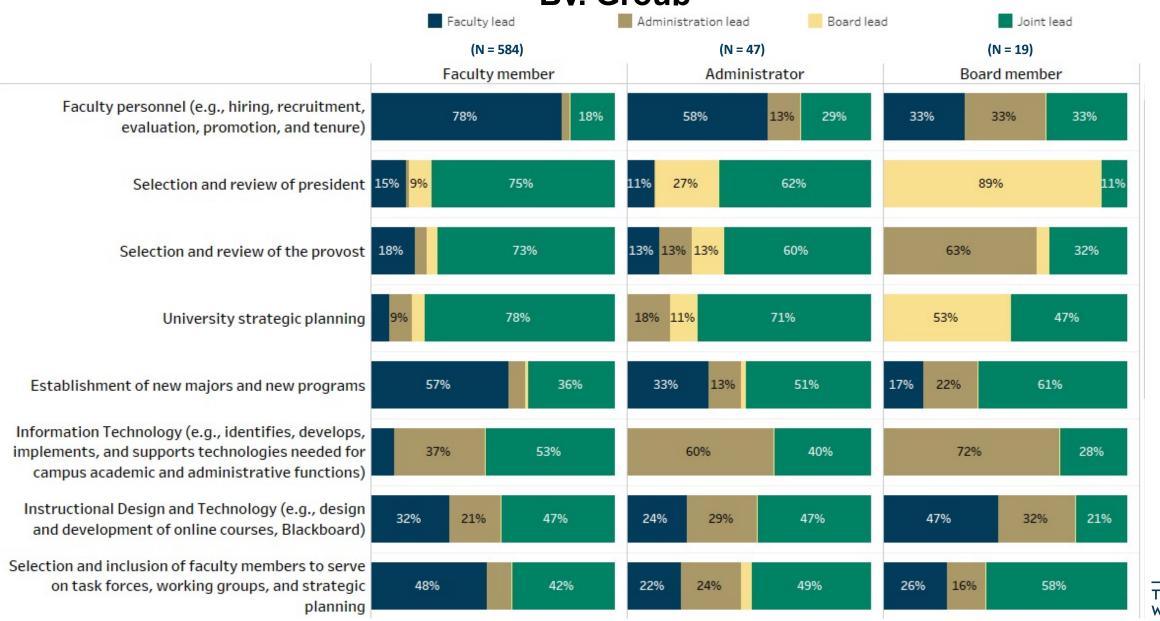
- Faculty personnel (recruitment, hiring, etc.)
- Selection and review of the president
- Selection and review of provost
- University strategic planning
- Establishment of new majors/programs
- Information technology
- Instructional design
- Selection and inclusion of faculty members to serve on task forces, working groups, etc.

Percentage of Agreement on Which Groups Should Have Primary Responsibility: By Group



22 of 42
THE GEORGE
WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY
WASHINGTON, DC

Percentage of Differences on Which Groups Should Have Primary Responsibility: Bv. Group

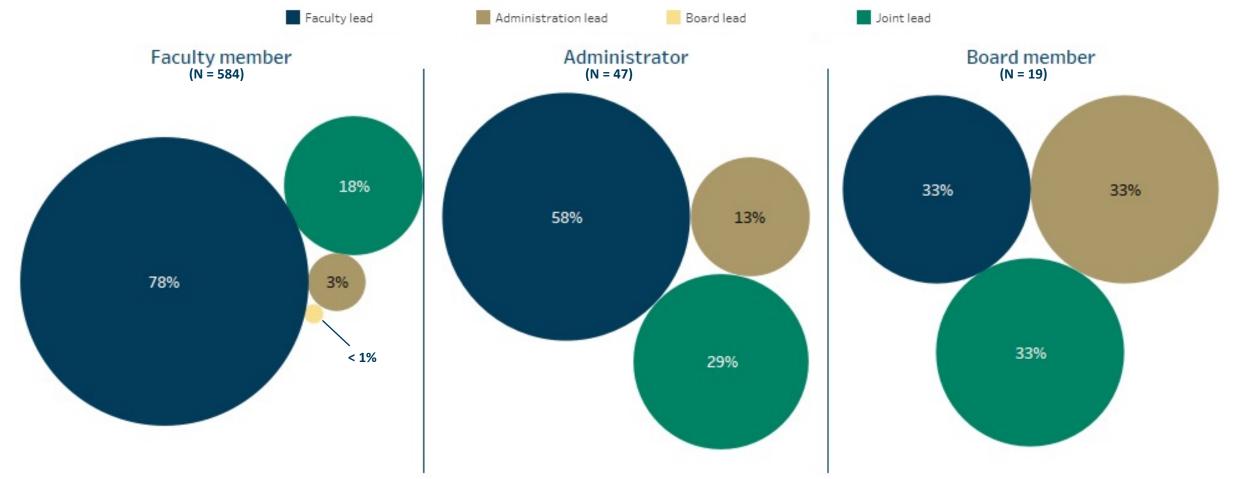


23 of 42
THE GEORGE
WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY

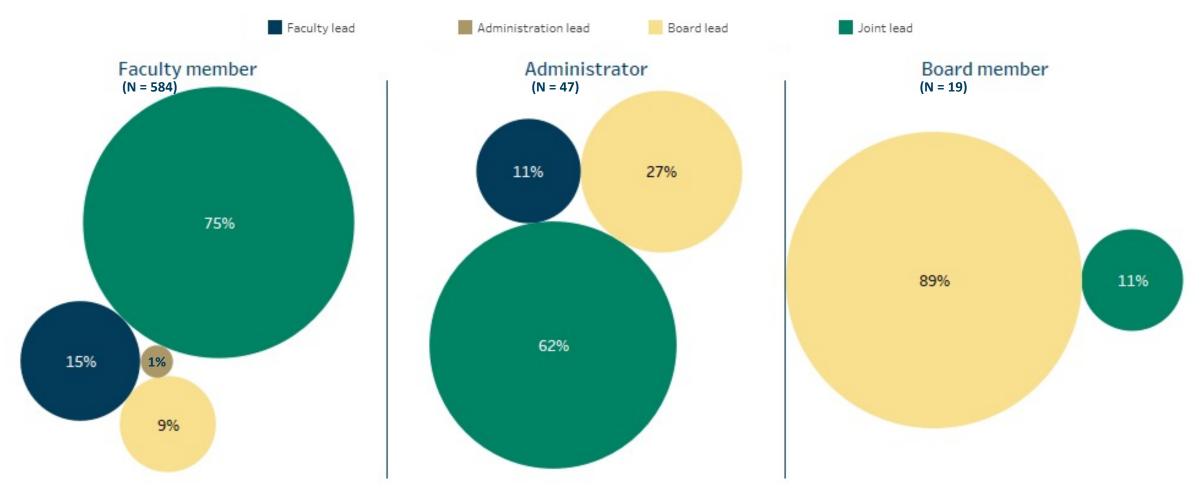
Which groups should have primary responsibility for making decisions or recommendations for areas that were rated as Top 9 Most Important?

WASHINGTON, DC

Which group(s) should have primary responsibility for making decisions or recommendations for Faculty personnel (e.g., hiring, recruitment, evaluation, promotion, and tenure)?

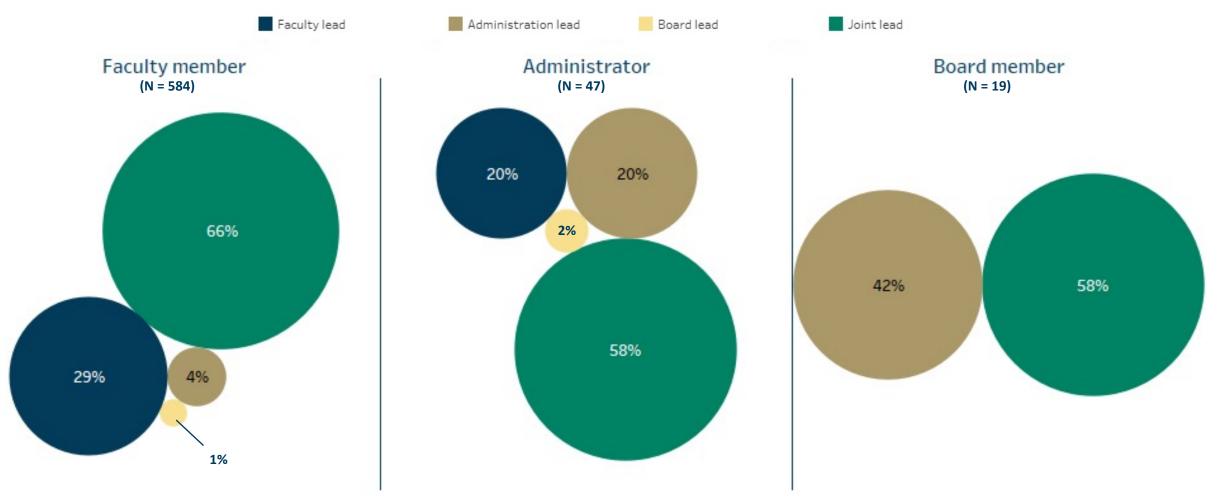


Which group(s) should have primary responsibility for making decisions or recommendations for Selection and review of the president?



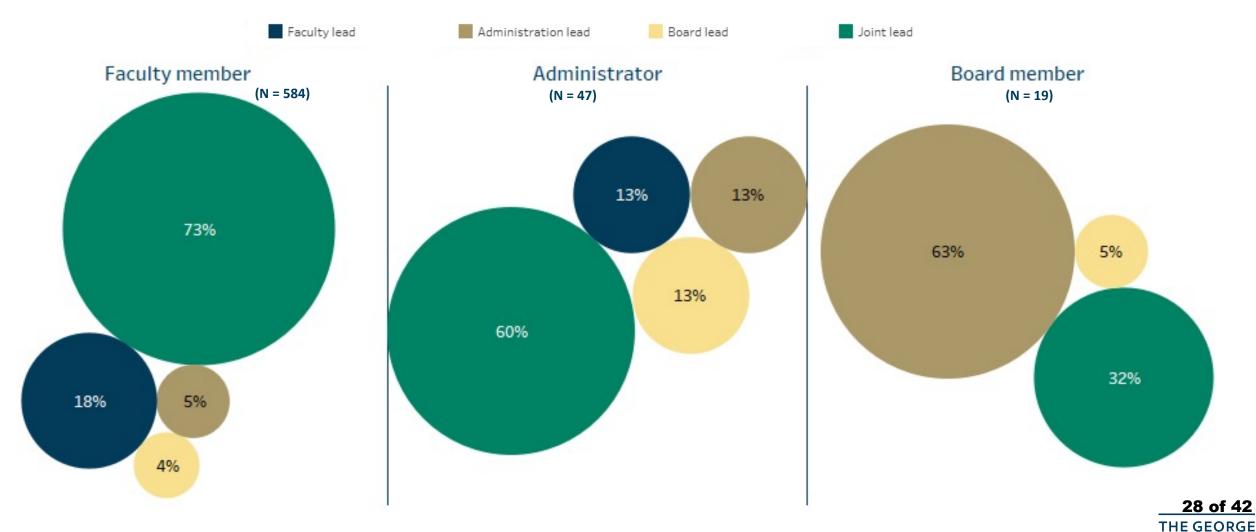
WASHINGTON, DC

Which group(s) should have primary responsibility for making decisions or recommendations for Selection and review of deans?



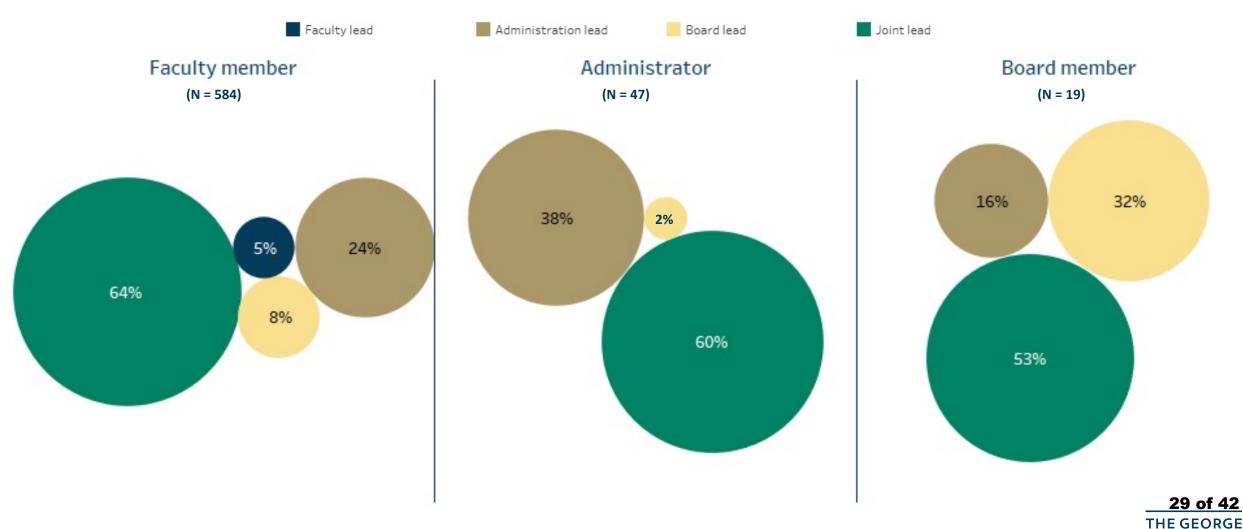
WASHINGTON, DC

Which group(s) should have primary responsibility for making decisions or recommendations for Selection and review of the provost?

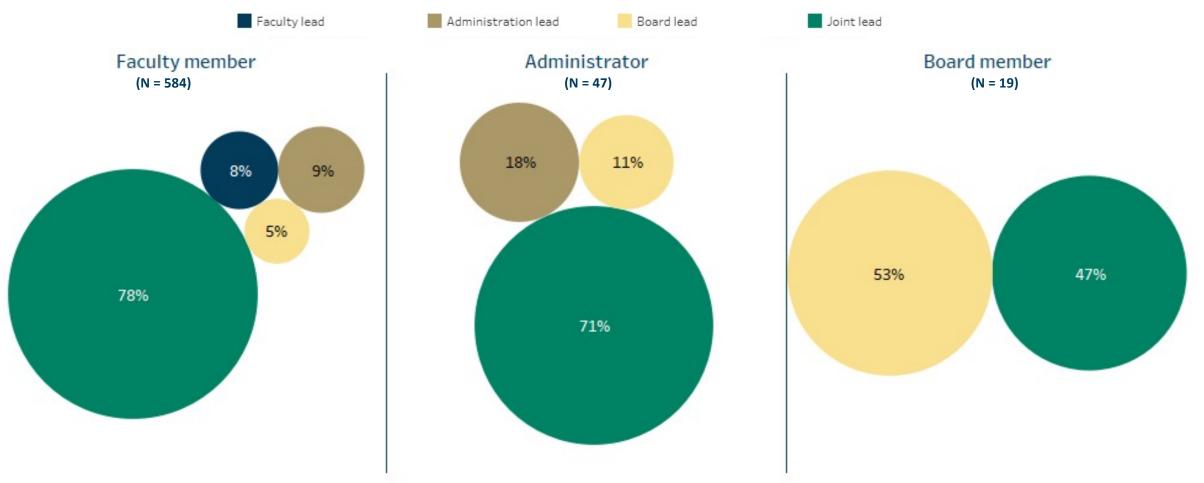


WASHINGTON

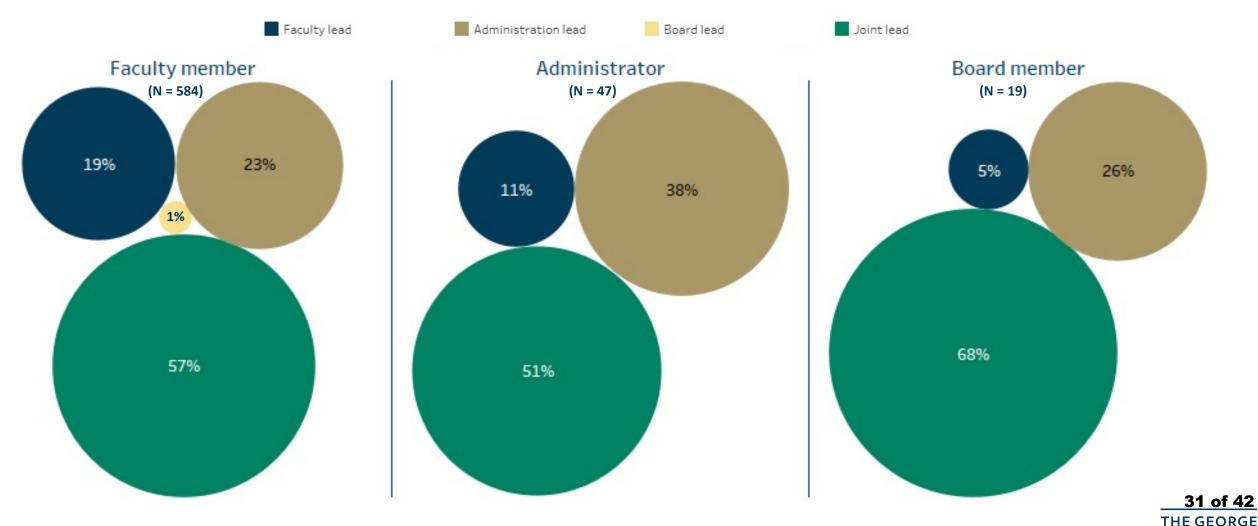
Which group(s) should have primary responsibility for making decisions or recommendations for *University budgetary and financial planning?*



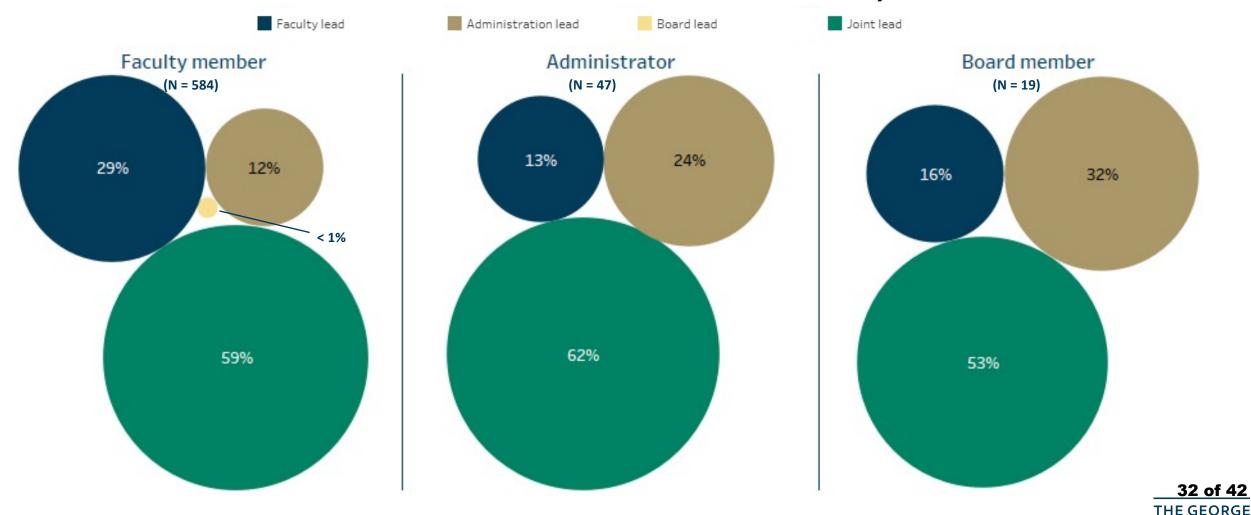
Which group(s) should have primary responsibility for making decisions or recommendations for *University strategic planning?*



Which group(s) should have primary responsibility for making decisions or recommendations for *University academic planning (e.g., enrollment, admission requirements)?*

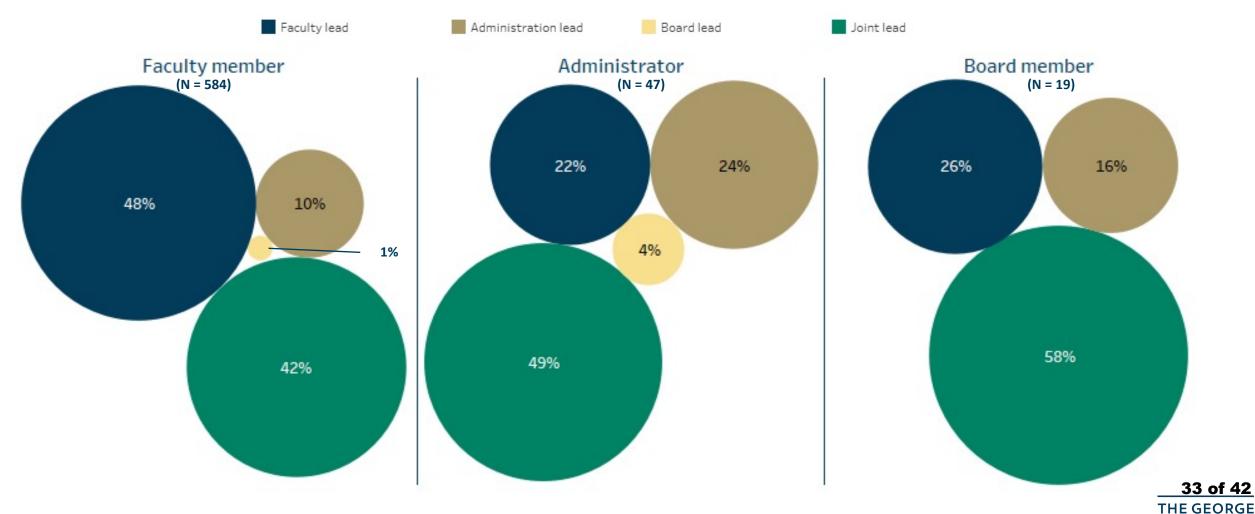


Which group(s) should have primary responsibility for making decisions or recommendations for Research enterprise (e.g., research integrity, grant applications, research infrastructure, institutes and centers)?



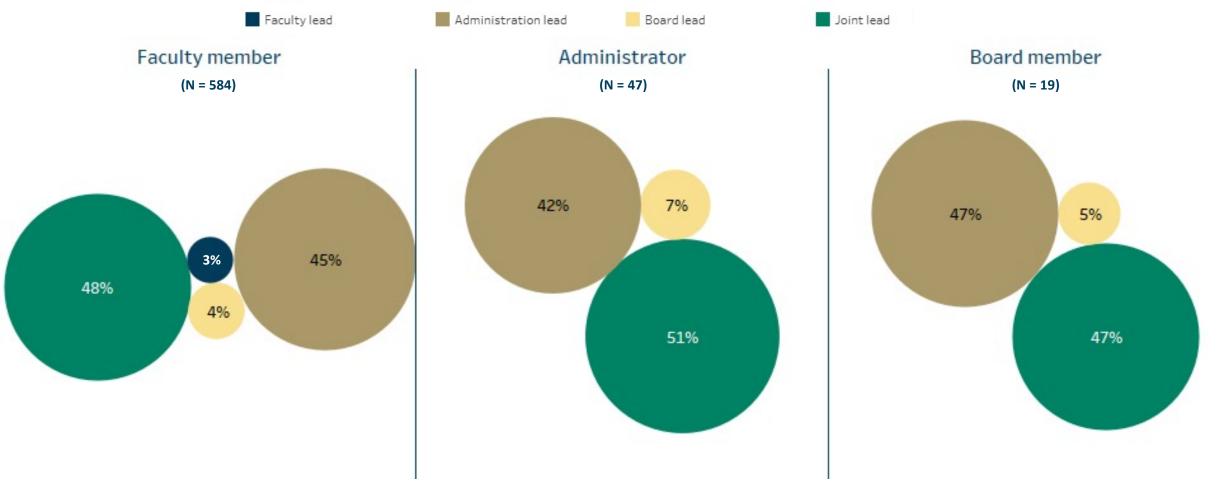
WASHINGTON

Which group(s) should have primary responsibility for making decisions or recommendations for Selection and inclusion of faculty members to serve on task forces, working groups, and strategic planning?



WASHINGTON

Which group(s) should have primary responsibility for making decisions or recommendations for *Campus planning and space?*



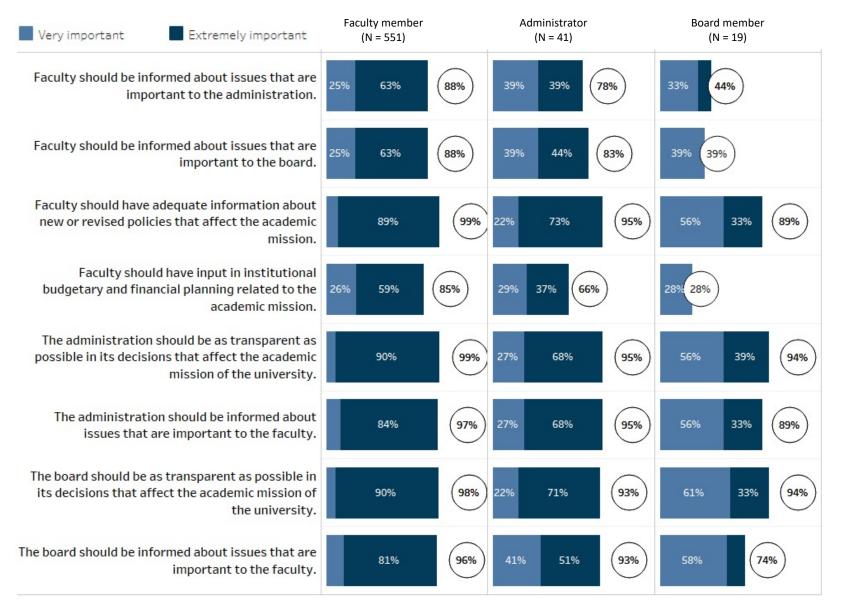
Importance of Shared Governance in Decisionmaking



36 of 42
THE GEORGE
WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY
WASHINGTON, DC

5-point scale of importance: 1= not at all important; 2= slightly important; 3= moderately important; 4= very important; 5= extremely important. Due to rounding, percentages in bars may not add up to percentages in circles.

Importance of Shared Governance in Information-sharing



THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

5-point scale of importance: 1= not at all important; 2= slightly important; 3= moderately important; 4= very important; 5= extremely important. Due to rounding, percentages in bars may not add up to percentages in circles.

Importance of Shared Governance in Roles and Responsibilities



5-point scale of importance: 1= not at all important; 2= slightly important; 3= moderately important; 4= very important; 5= extremely important. Due to rounding, percentages in bars may not add up to percentages in circles.

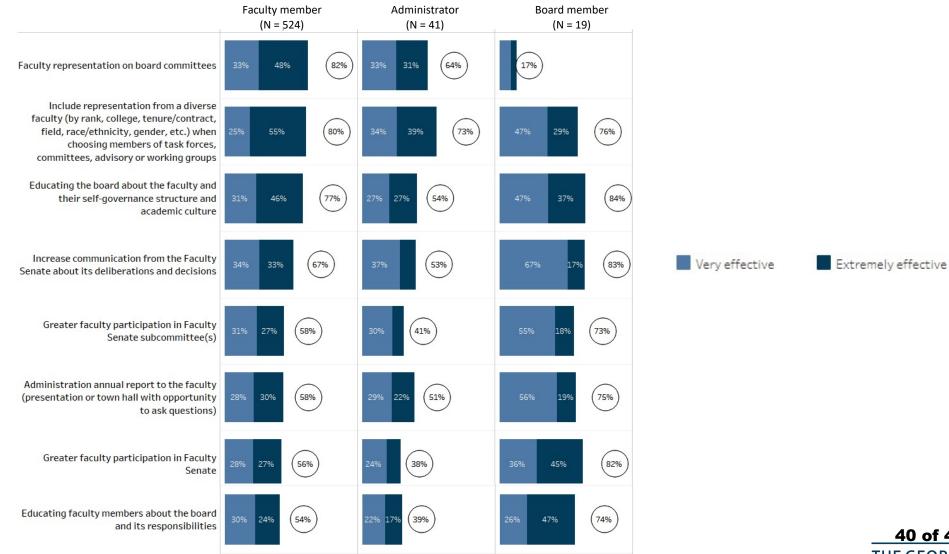
ORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

WASHINGTON, DC

Effectiveness of Methods to Improve Information Sharing and Communication Among the Faculty, Administration, and Board

WASHINGTON, DC

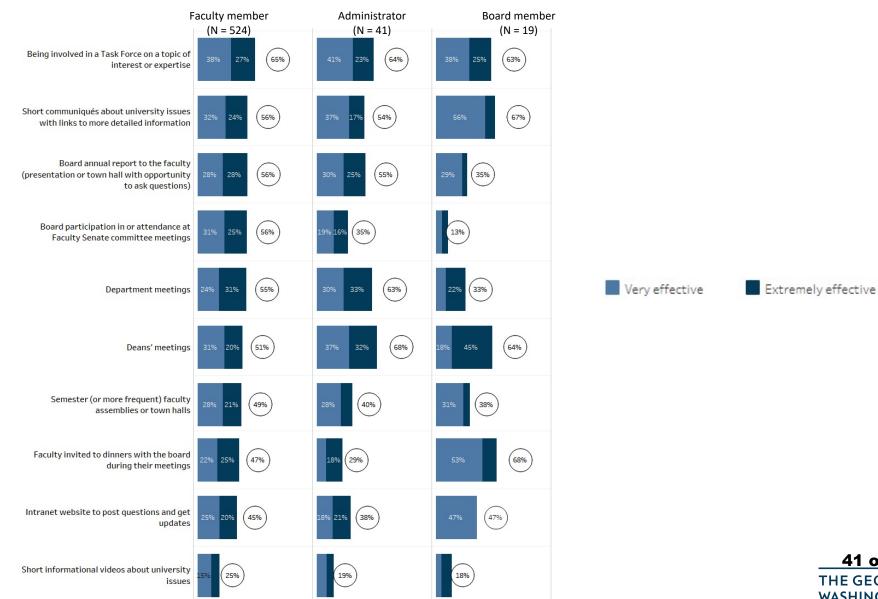
Levels of Effectiveness by Faculty, Administration, and Board



40 of 42
THE GEORGE
WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY
WASHINGTON, DC

5-point scale of effectiveness: 1= not at all effective; 2= slightly effective; 3= moderately effective; 4= very effective; 5= extremely effective. Due to rounding, percentages in bars may not add up to percentages in circles.

Levels of Effectiveness by Faculty, Administration, and Board (cont.)



41 of 42
THE GEORGE
WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY
WASHINGTON, DC

5-point scale of effectiveness: 1= Not at all effective; 2= Slightly effective; 3= Moderately effective; 4= Very effective; 5= Extremely effective Due to rounding, percentages in bars may not add up to percentages in circles.

Thank you.